

SSP Exercise 3

To be handed in by 4 p.m. Thursday 2nd February

In d dimensions there are $(1/2\pi)^d$ different spatial quantum states, of wave function $\psi(r)$, per unit length/area/volume of real space r , per unit length/area/volume of k space.

Using the 3D free electron Fermi gas model show that the expression for the Fermi energy in terms of the free electron density, n , is given by

$$\varepsilon_F = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} (3\pi^2 n)^{\frac{2}{3}},$$

where m is the electron mass.

[7]

Calculate ε_F for:

(i) Copper, which has face centred cubic structure with lattice spacing $a=0.361$ nm and for which one atom contributes one free electron. [6]

(ii) A **two dimensional** solid containing $3 \times 10^{15} \text{ m}^{-2}$ free electrons. [6]

(iii) A **one dimensional** conductor whose unit cells each contribute one free electron and are 0.8 nm long. [6]